



Q3/2023

# Earnings Meeting

14 November 2023



# Agenda

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**Key Highlights**

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# Key Highlights Q3 2023

1. Thailand: Demand for construction materials remains stable and prices holding up.
2. Vietnam: Demand continues to be lower than last year, but there is early sign of recovery.
3. Sri Lanka: GDP and inflation improving from IMF and government support, resulting in demand recovery amidst strong competition and pressure on selling prices.
4. Lower energy prices enhanced margins, counteracting slow demand and pricing challenges, leading to an improved EBITDA and cash generation.
5. Our “FIT+” initiative, which focuses on strategic restructuring and cost optimization, has trimmed costs and moved towards a leaner organization - a change that will have a lasting impact on our financial performance.
6. Compared to 2020, our TSR has nearly doubled, and our innovative “Hydraulic Cement” contributed to the reduction in clinker factor by 4%. These align with our commitment to decarbonization and reducing fossil fuel consumption.



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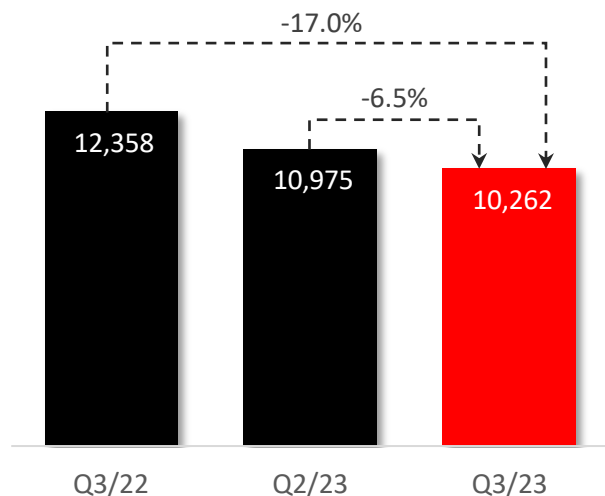


## SCCC Group Performance

**Operation Overview:** EBITDA and margin improved due to reduced costs despite softer revenues, but one-off charges and FX impacted net profit.

### Revenue

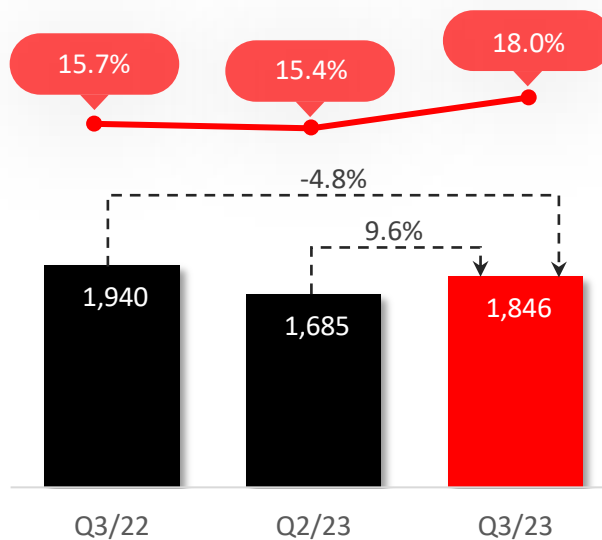
In THB million



The revenue decline is attributed to a decrease in Thai clinker exports, whereas Vietnam faced reduced demand and prices, and Sri Lanka encountered price drops.

### EBITDA and EBITDA Margin

In THB million



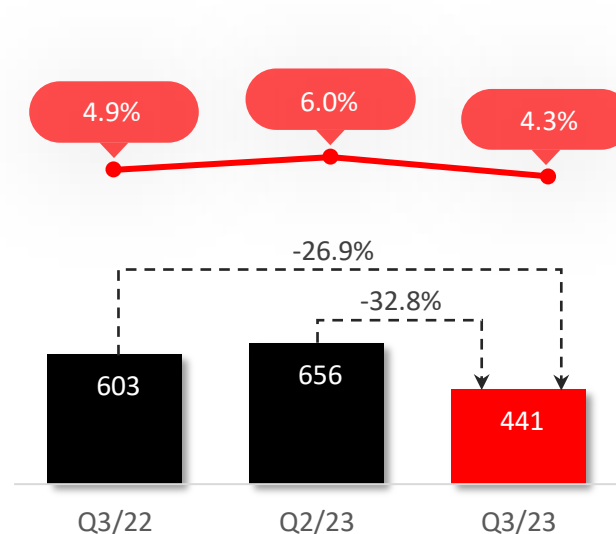
Normalized EBITDA in Q3/23 amounts to THB 2,127 Mn.

#### Kiln Shutdowns:

Q3/22 – TH (one), LK (one)  
 Q2/23 – TH (one), LK (one)  
 Q3/23 – TH (two), LK (one)

### Net Profit and Net Profit Margin

In THB million



Normalized net profit in Q3/23 amounts to THB 827 Mn.

#### Extraordinary items:

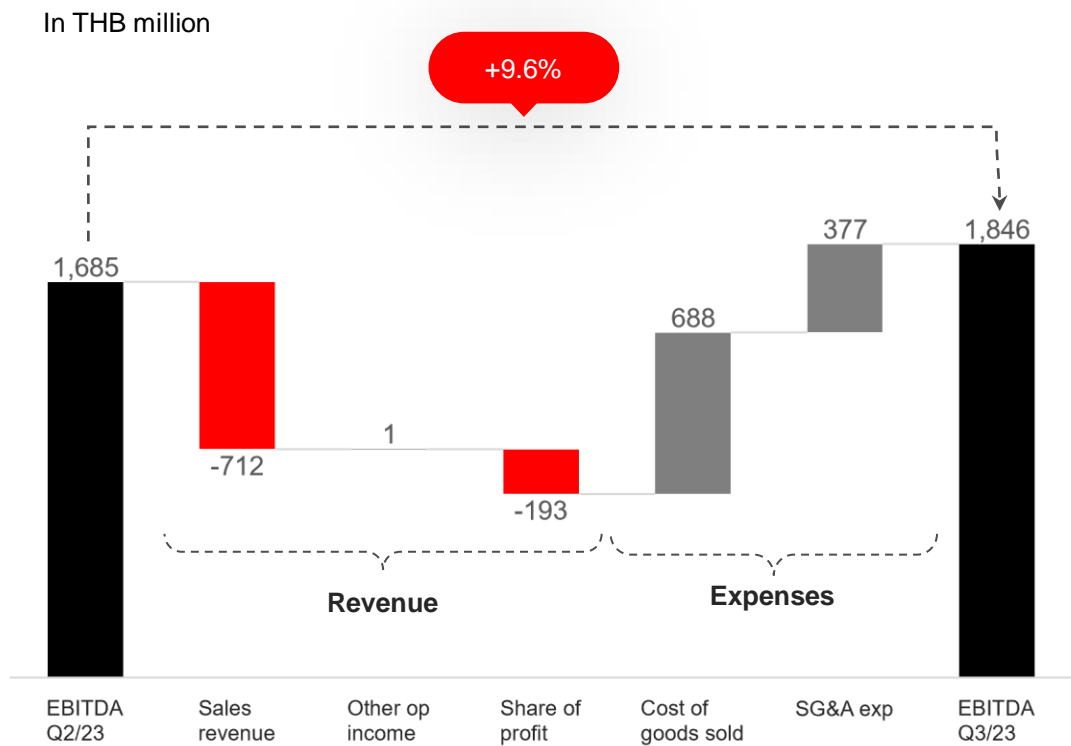
Q3/23 – Re-structuring costs and impairment expenses.

# Financial Performance

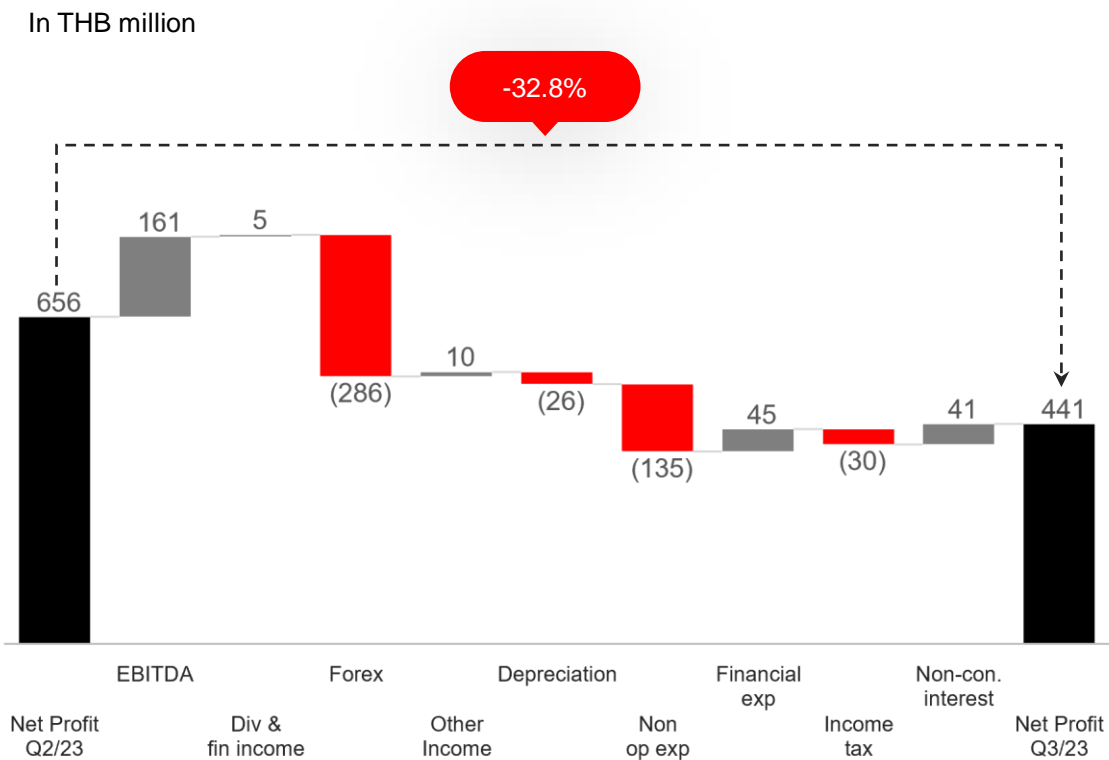
## SCCC Group Performance

EBITDA & Net Profit waterfall: EBITDA improvement attributed to lower energy costs and reduced expenses.

EBITDA: Q3/23 v Q2/23



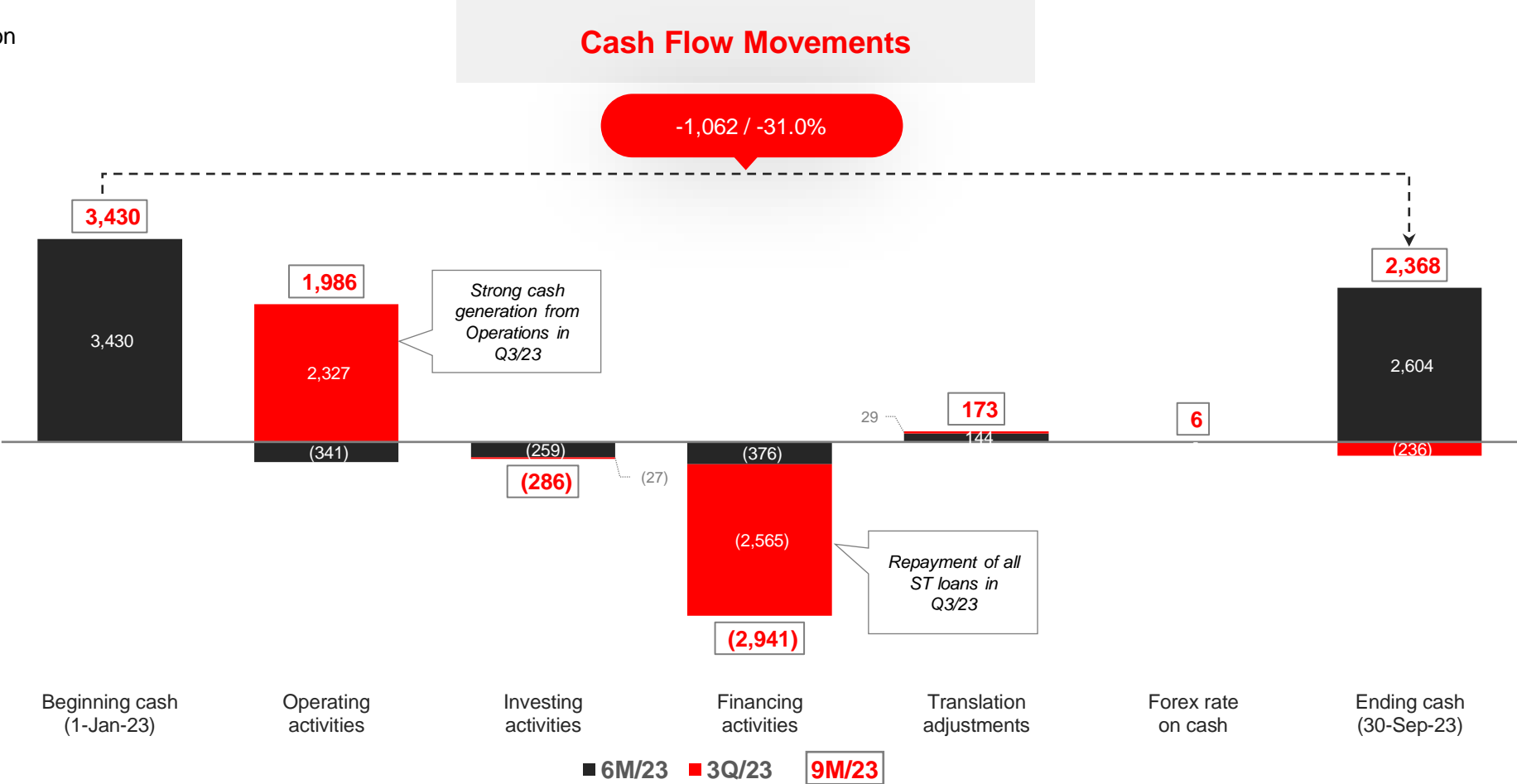
Net Profit: Q3/23 v Q2/23



## SCCC Group Performance

**Cash Flow:** Operations generated cash of THB 2.3 billion in Q3/23, and all short-term loans were repaid during the quarter.

In THB million



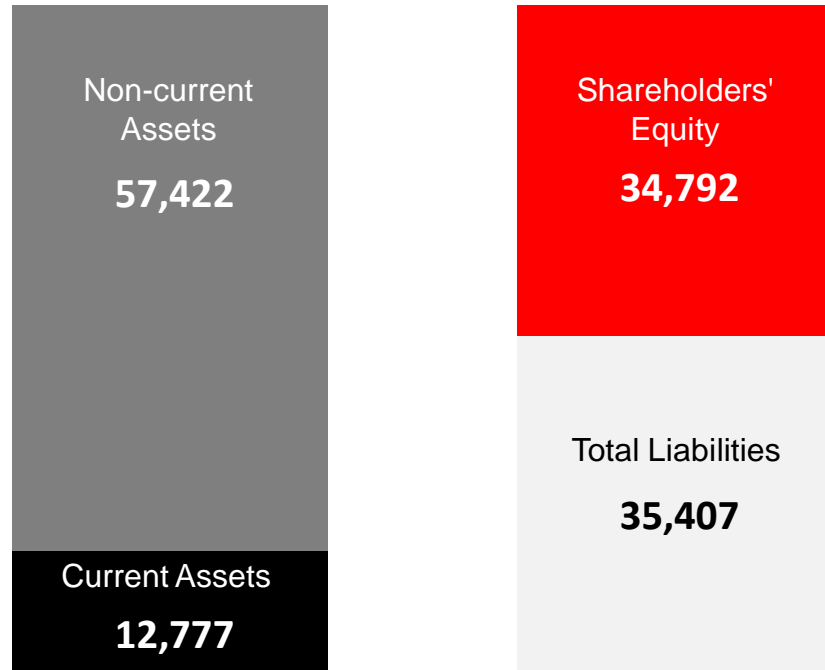
# Financial Performance

## SCCC Group Performance

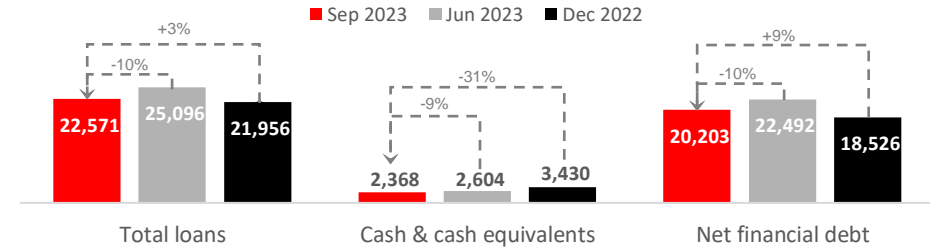
**Key Financial Information:** Gearing improved from 65% in Q2/23 to 58% in Q3/23, moving closer to our strategic goal of 50%.

### Financial Position

In THB million



### Debt & Key Ratios



| Net Financial Debt (THB million) | Sep23         | Jun23         | Dec22         |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Short-term loans                 | 8,050         | 10,549        | 2,947         |
| Long-term loans                  | 14,521        | 14,547        | 19,009        |
| <b>Total loans</b>               | <b>22,571</b> | <b>25,096</b> | <b>21,956</b> |
| Cash & cash equivalents          | 2,368         | 2,604         | 3,430         |
| <b>Net financial debt</b>        | <b>20,203</b> | <b>22,492</b> | <b>18,526</b> |

| Key Ratios | Sep23 | Jun23 | Dec22 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| RONOA      | 7.2%  | 3.9%  | 9.8%  |
| ROIC       | 5.6%  | 4.3%  | 5.6%  |
| ROE        | 5.4%  | 3.3%  | 5.2%  |
| Gearing    | 58.1% | 65.0% | 53.7% |
| NWC (MTHB) | 3,270 | 4,573 | 2,096 |



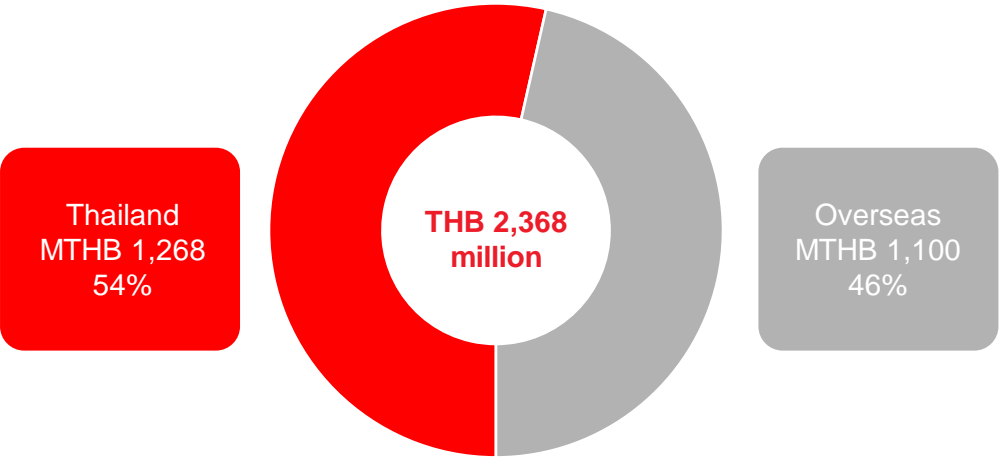
## SCCC Group Performance

**Group Liquidity Management and Debt Profile:** Stringent debt control continues; sufficient committed credit facilities to secure liquidity.

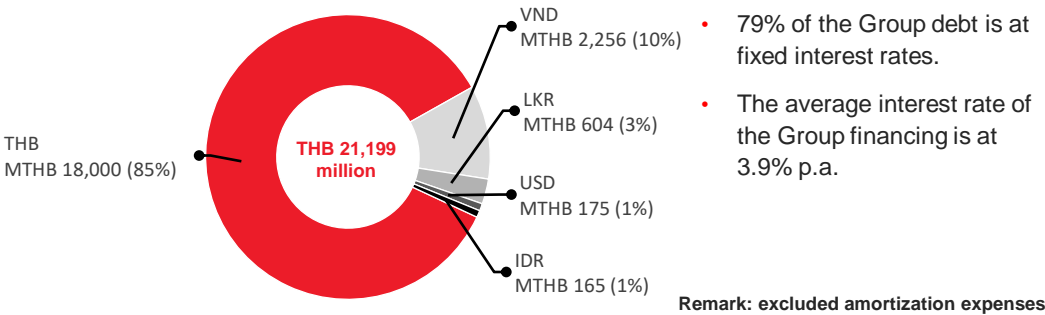
### Group Liquidity Management (THB equivalent)

Unused committed credit facilities of 9 THB billion are available to secure liquidity and no outstanding short-term bank loans as of the end of Q3/2023.

#### Group Cash Balance

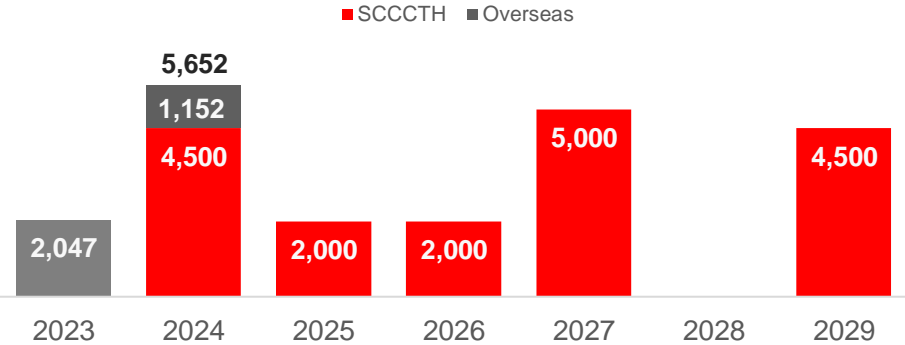


### Group Debt Profile (THB equivalent)



### Group Debt Maturity Profile

In THB million



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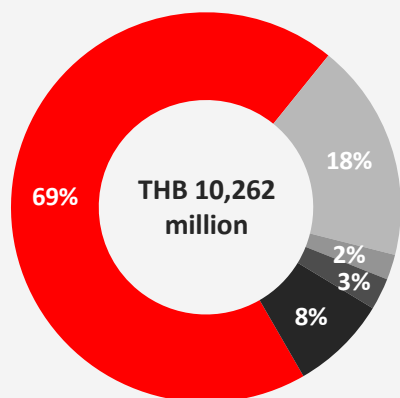


# Financial Performance

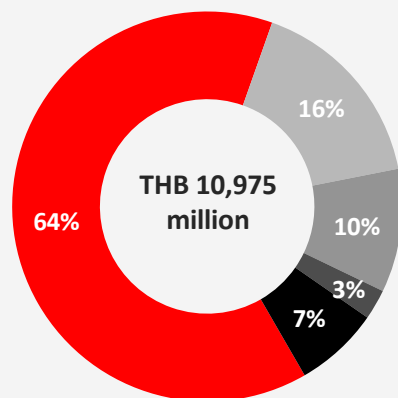
## SCCC Group Performance by Segment

### Revenue by Segment Q3/23 vs Q2/23

#### Percentage of Revenue



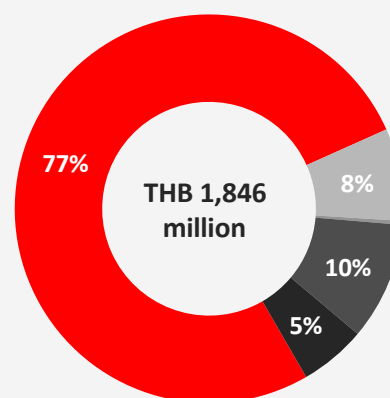
Q3/23



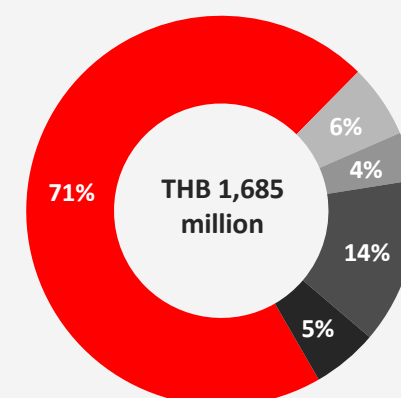
Q2/23

### EBITDA by Segment Q3/23 vs Q2/23

#### Percentage of EBITDA



Q3/23



Q2/23

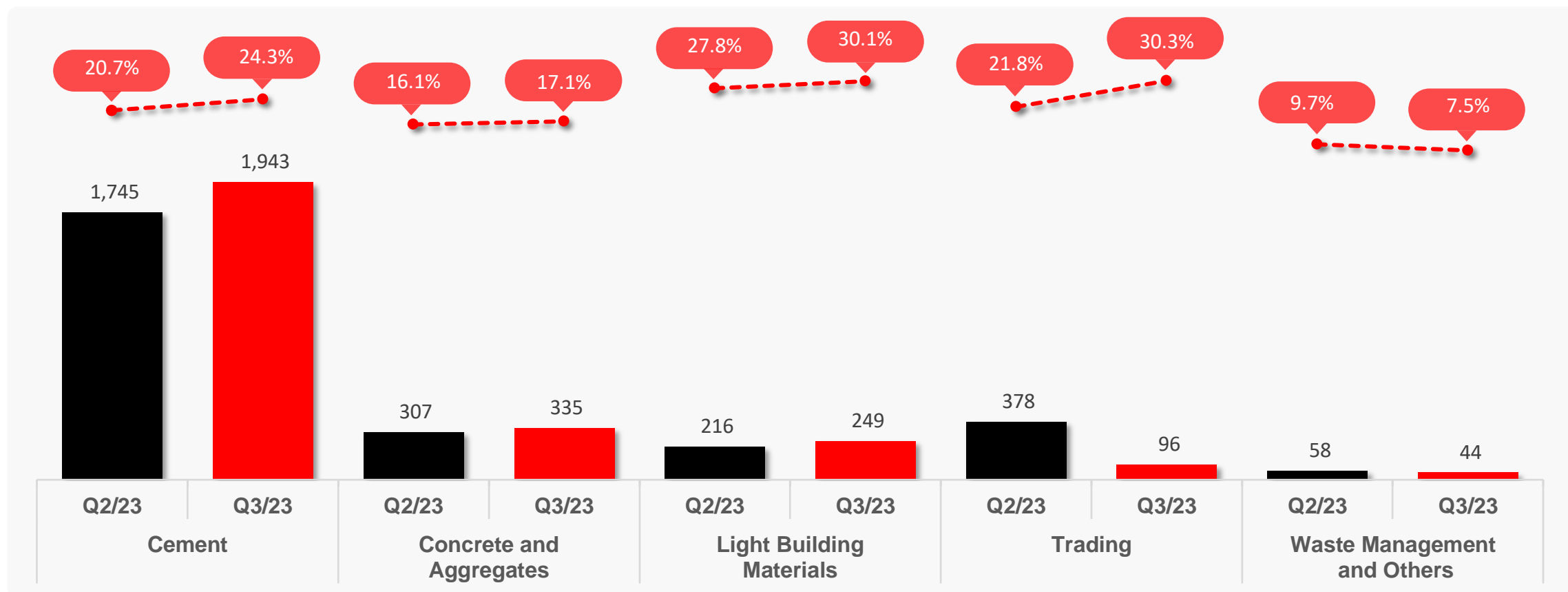
Remark: EBITDA by segment is presented before intersegment elimination



# Financial Performance

## SCCC Group Performance by Segment

### Segmental Gross Profit (THB Mn) and Gross Profit Margin (%) Q3/23 vs Q2/23



Remark: Gross Profit and Gross Profit Margin are presented before intersegment elimination

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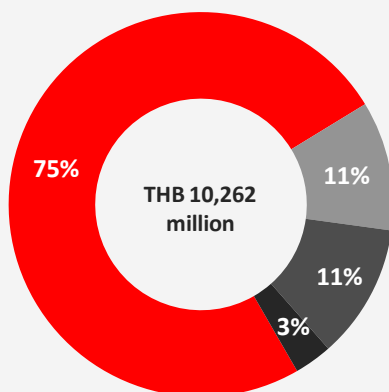


# Financial Performance

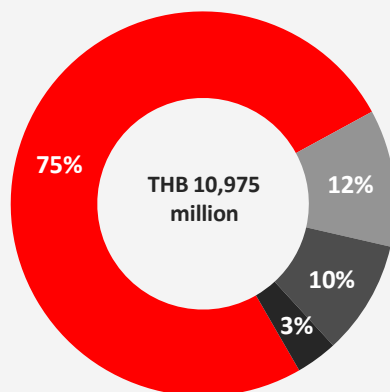
## SCCC Group Performance by Country

### Revenue by Country Q3/23 vs Q2/23

#### Percentage of Revenue



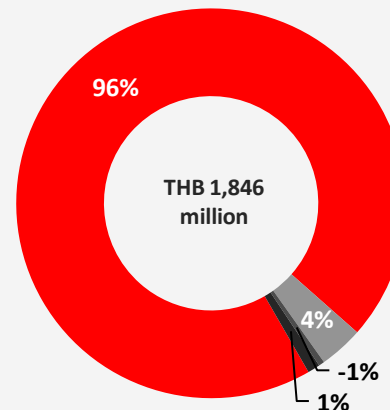
Q3/23



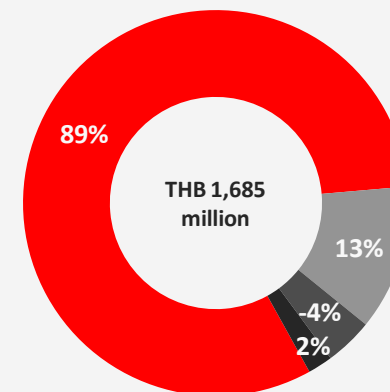
Q2/23

### EBITDA by Country Q3/23 vs Q2/23

#### Percentage of EBITDA



Q3/23



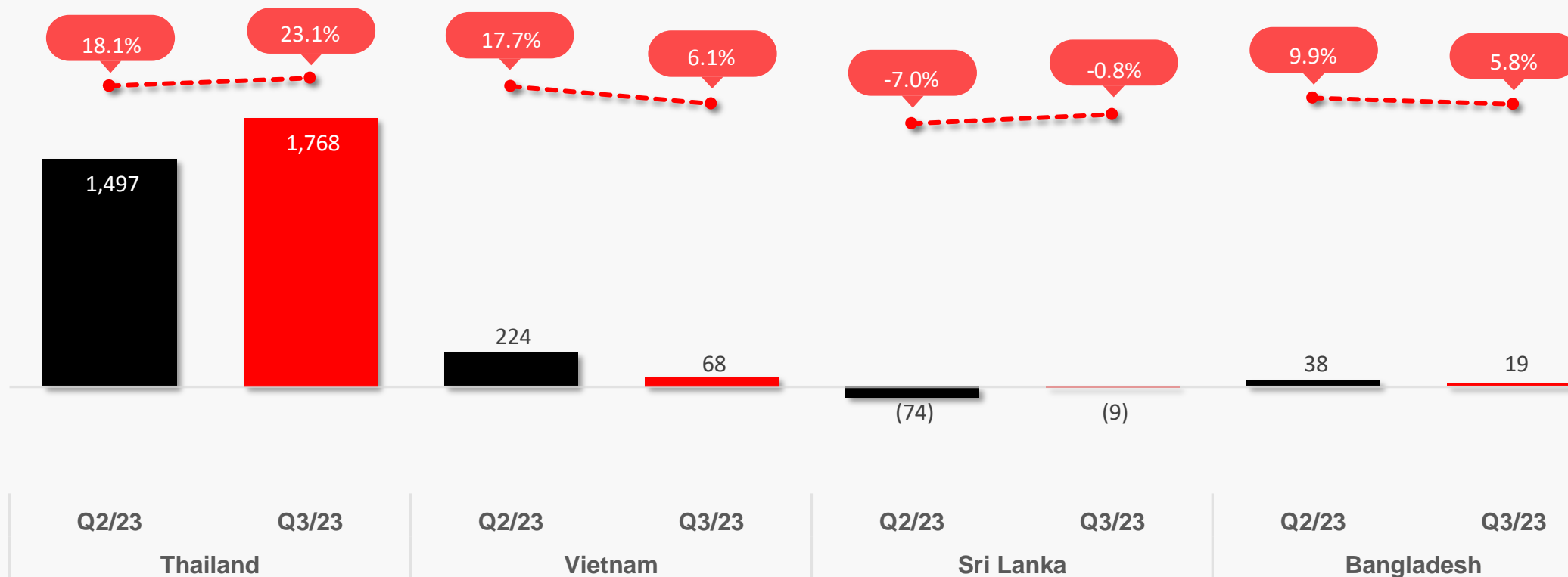
Q2/23



# Financial Performance

## SCCC Group Performance by Country

### EBITDA (THB Mn) and EBITDA Margin (%) by Country Q3/23 vs Q2/23

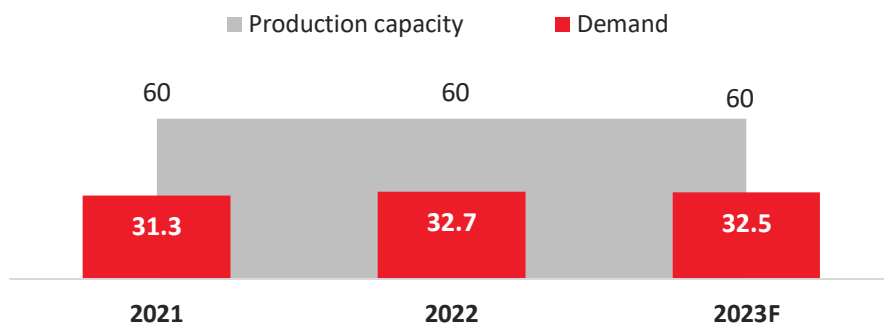




## SCCC Group Performance by Country

**Thailand:** Demand for cement, ready-mixed, and light building materials improved along with an increase in cement prices and overall cost improvement, but results impacted by lower clinker exports.

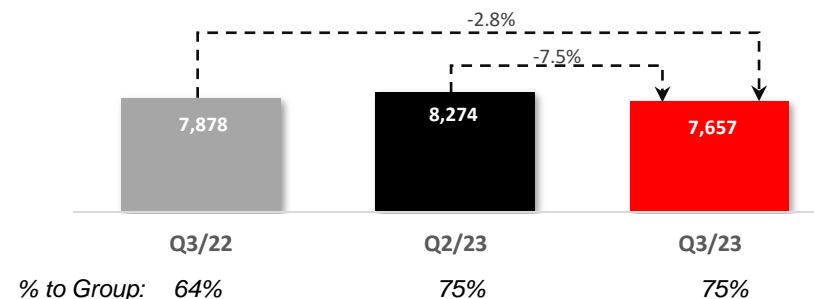
### Local Cement Production Capacity and Demand (Mn Tons)



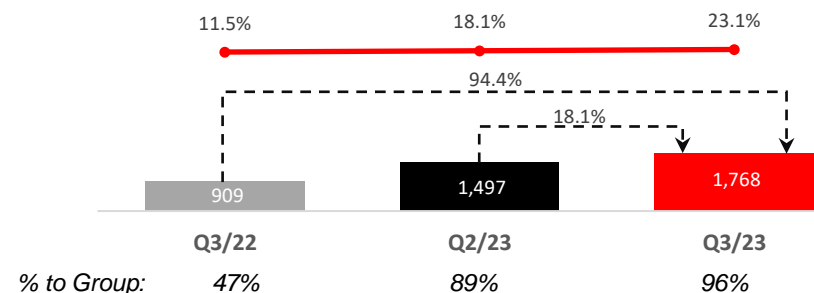
### Market Developments and Performance

- The formation of the new government eased tensions in the market.
- The Thai market is transitioning to hydraulic cement for reduced CO2 emissions. SCCC leads in this conversion, with 100% bag cement and a planned 80% conversion for bulk cement by year-end.
- More players have attempted to penetrate the North and East areas.

### Revenue (THB Mn)



### EBITDA and EBITDA Margin (THB Mn)

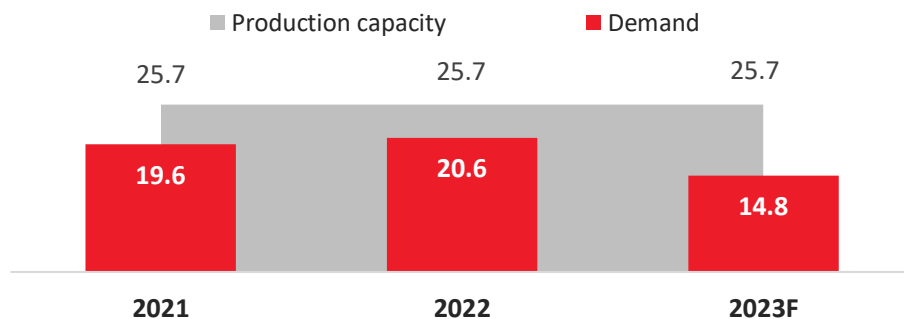




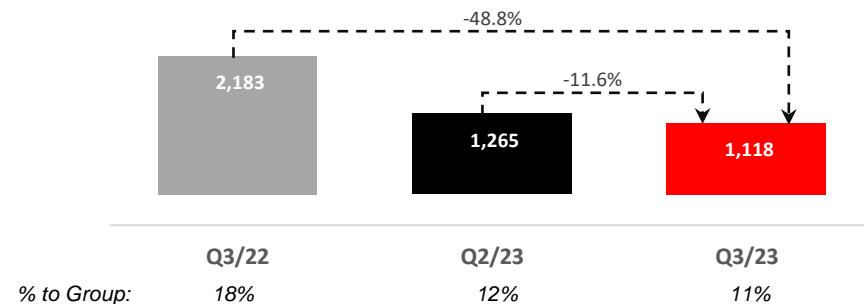
## SCCC Group Performance by Country

**Southern Vietnam:** Demand continues to be lower than last year, but there are early signs of recovery towards the end of Q3/23.

### Local Cement Production Capacity and Demand (Mn Tons)



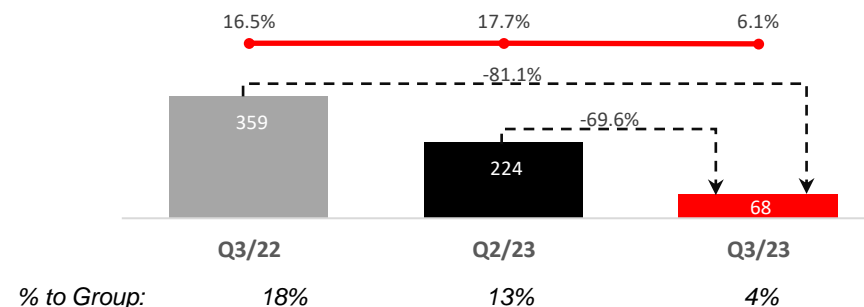
### Revenue (THB Mn)



### Market Developments and Performance

- Q3/23 demand lower than PY due to bank lending constraints and inflation.
- Slow-down in price increases as competitors use price leverage to achieve volume.
- Moderate growth expected for the next 12 months pending resolution of lending restrictions; continue cost reduction initiatives.

### EBITDA and EBITDA Margin (THB Mn)



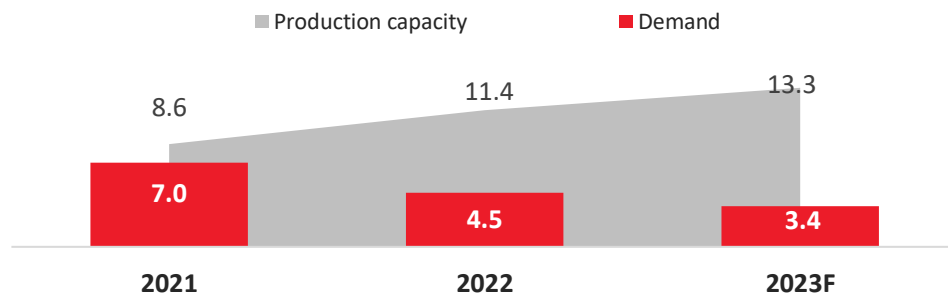




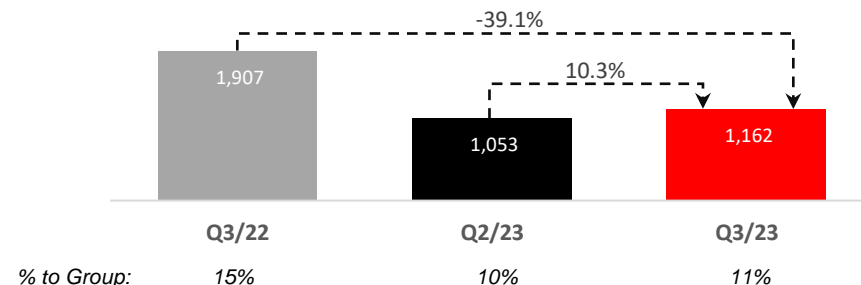
## SCCC Group Performance by Country

**Sri Lanka:** Despite exceptionally heavy rain, volume improved Q-on-Q but impacted by lower prices and one-off restructuring expenses.

### Local Cement Production Capacity and Demand (Mn Tons)



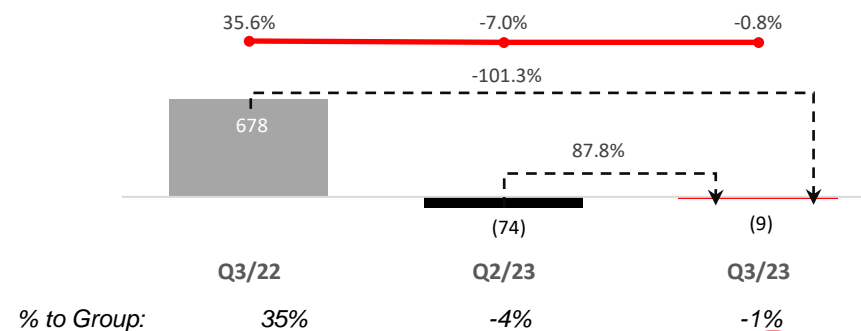
### Revenue (THB Mn)



### Market Developments and Performance

- The cement market showed a 12% and 22% growth compared to Q3/22 and Q2/23, respectively.
- Fierce price competition emerged due to underutilized capacity, with competitors implementing price cuts and rebates to boost sales, resulting in a gradual decline in overall cement prices.

### EBITDA and EBITDA Margin (THB Mn)

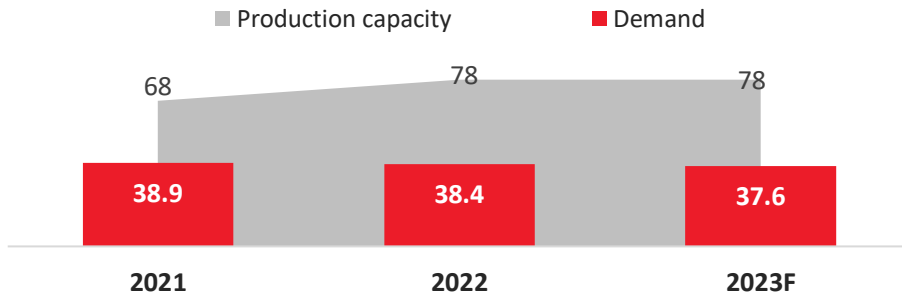




## SCCC Group Performance by Country

**Bangladesh:** Cement consumption is down due to low construction activities owing to high construction material prices, and slow progress of government projects.

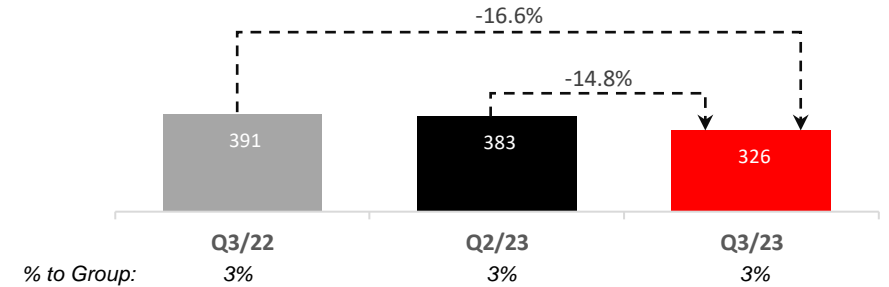
### Local Cement Production Capacity and Demand (Mn Tons)



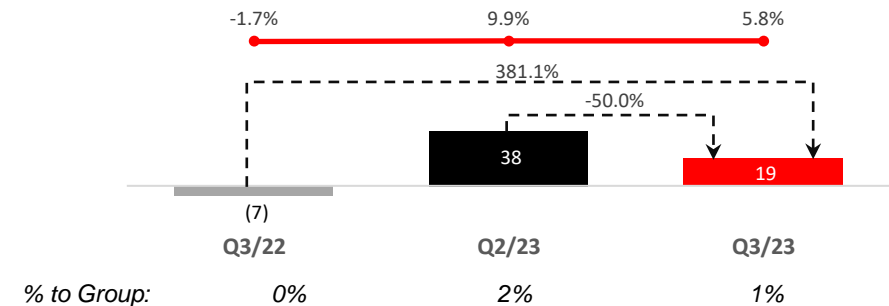
### Market Developments and Performance

- Forex reserve stress led to slow government project progress in Q3, impacting overall construction activity.
- High inflation and import restrictions raised construction materials prices (steel, cement, bricks, stone).
- Overall profitability improved riding on minimal price erosion and sourcing raw materials at competitive prices.

### Revenue (THB Mn)



### EBITDA and EBITDA Margin (THB Mn)

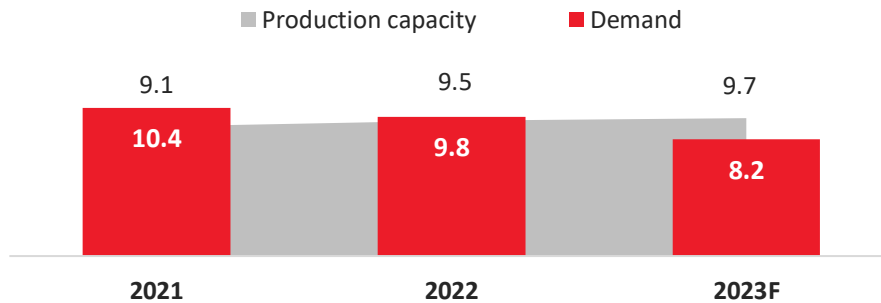




## SCCC Group Performance by Country

**Cambodia:** EBITDA and margin bolstered by reduced costs, partially countering the impact of softer revenues.

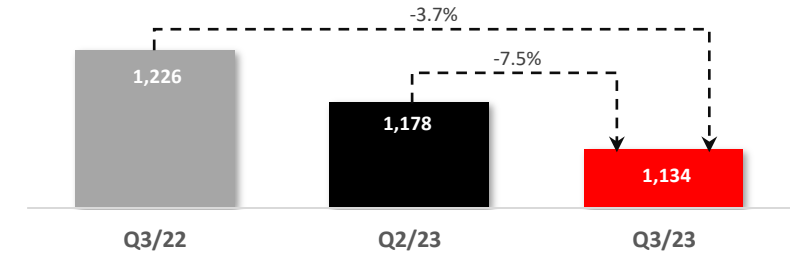
### Local Cement Production Capacity and Demand (Mn Tons)



### Q3 Market Developments and Performance

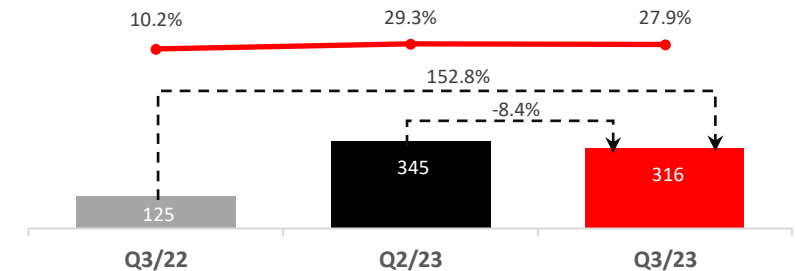
- Demand mute as lackluster construction activities on the back of rainy season.
- Price under pressure from demand contraction and high rebate spending by competitors.

### Revenue (THB Mn)



(Not consolidated)

### EBITDA and EBITDA Margin (THB Mn)



(Not consolidated)



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# Market Outlook 2023



**Thailand**

- Recovery of the Thai economy is expected to continue on the back of the improving tourism sector and other government stimulus.
- A decrease in energy costs, retail oil prices, and electricity costs supports economic growth.
- Potential downward pressure on price as energy costs decrease.



**Vietnam**

- Although the cement industry continues to face challenges, the market is showing some early signs of a rebound.
- Longer-term outlook is positive driven by infrastructure investment, continued urbanization, and strong GDP.
- Softened prices are expected in Q4/23 as cement players continue a volume-driven approach.



**Sri Lanka**

- Gradual market recovery with downward adjustment in market interest rates and support from the IMF and other government initiatives.
- Exchange rates are expected to depreciate further due to the relaxation of import restrictions.
- Other construction material prices came down due to a decline in demand.



**Bangladesh**

- Inbound remittances will stay declined placing pressure on the current account balance and the local currency
- Inflation expected to remain stubbornly high
- The General Election towards the end of 2023 might weigh heavily on industry demand.

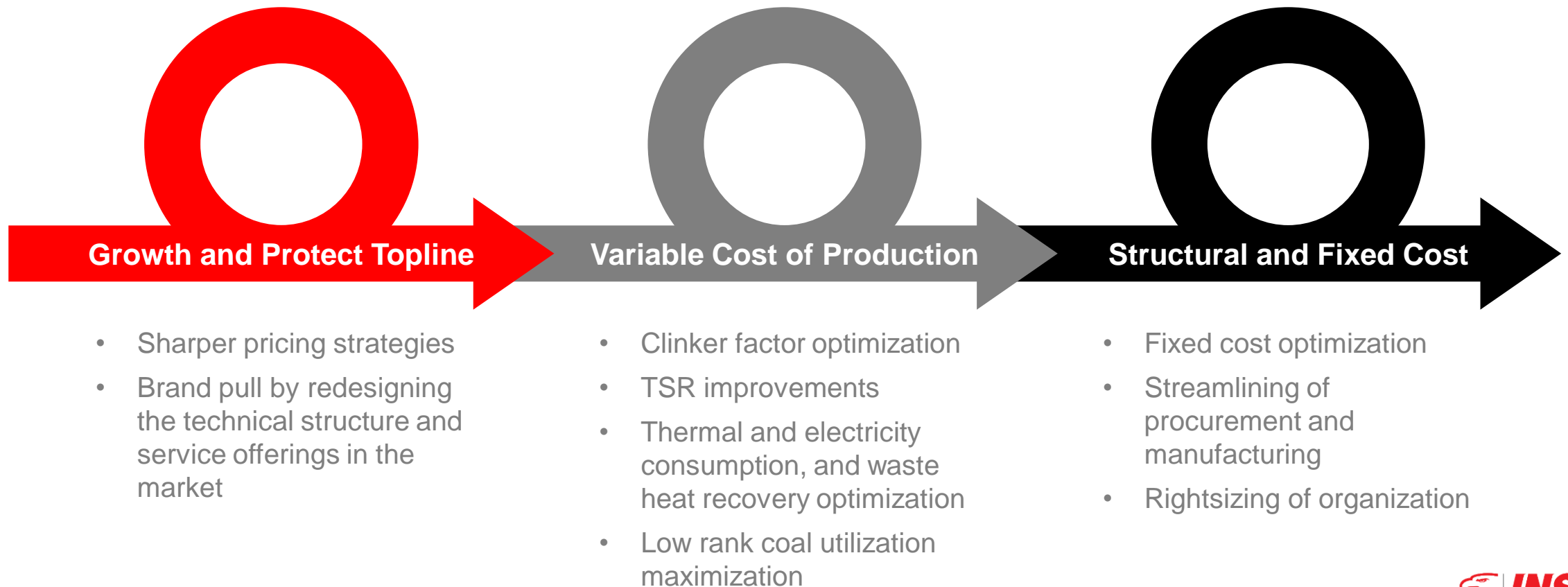


**Cambodia**

- Private sector demand to remains subdued due to residential construction slowdown in an oversupplied market
- Government infrastructure projects such as roads and bridges are expected to alleviate cement demand contraction.
- Overall cost performance improved, driven by lower energy prices.

## “Transform to Perform”

Emphasis on people activism and promoting a culture of sustainable performance improvement.



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# Stretching our Sustainability Ambition 2030 Targets

SCCC Group will deliver a CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction target.

## 1. Specific Net CO<sub>2</sub>



Kg/ton cementitious

< 535



< 470

## 2. Processed Waste Volume



ton

> 1,000,000



> 1,400,000

## 3. By Product Absorbed



ton

> 1,400,000



> 1,700,000

INITIAL

STRETCHED

# CO<sub>2</sub> Emission Reduction

As part of our commitment to environmental responsibility, we have successfully implemented a diverse range of initiatives.

## 1. Green Portfolio



Environmental-friendly products  
i.e., Hydraulic cement to replace  
Portland cement



## 2. Green Energy



Co-processing of municipal and  
agricultural waste in our  
cement plants, mixing with  
fossil fuel



## 3. Green Innovation



Applying ESG-driven cement  
manufacturing process i.e.,  
cement grinding technology

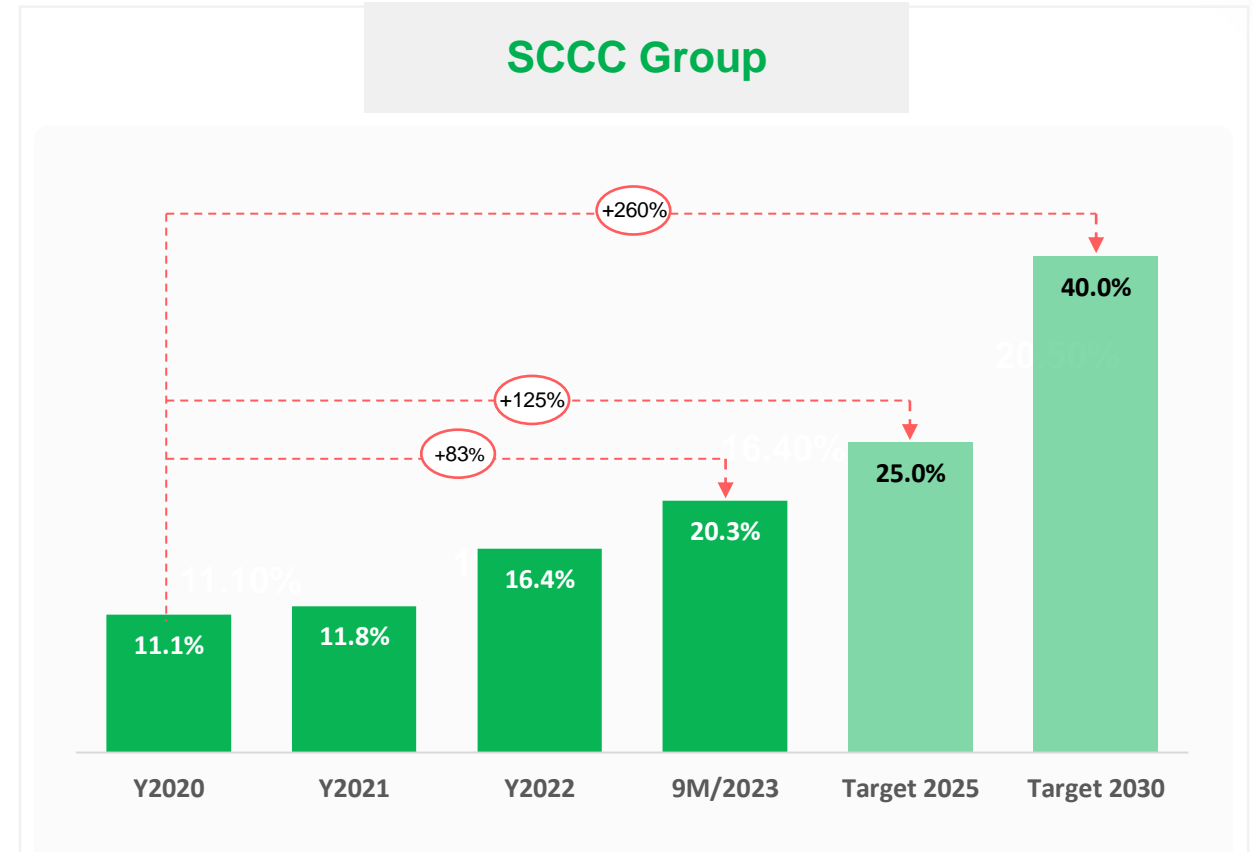


# Thermal Substitution Rate (TSR)

Our thermal substitution rate has also almost doubled from 2020 and we remain dedicated to continuous improvement.

## Key points

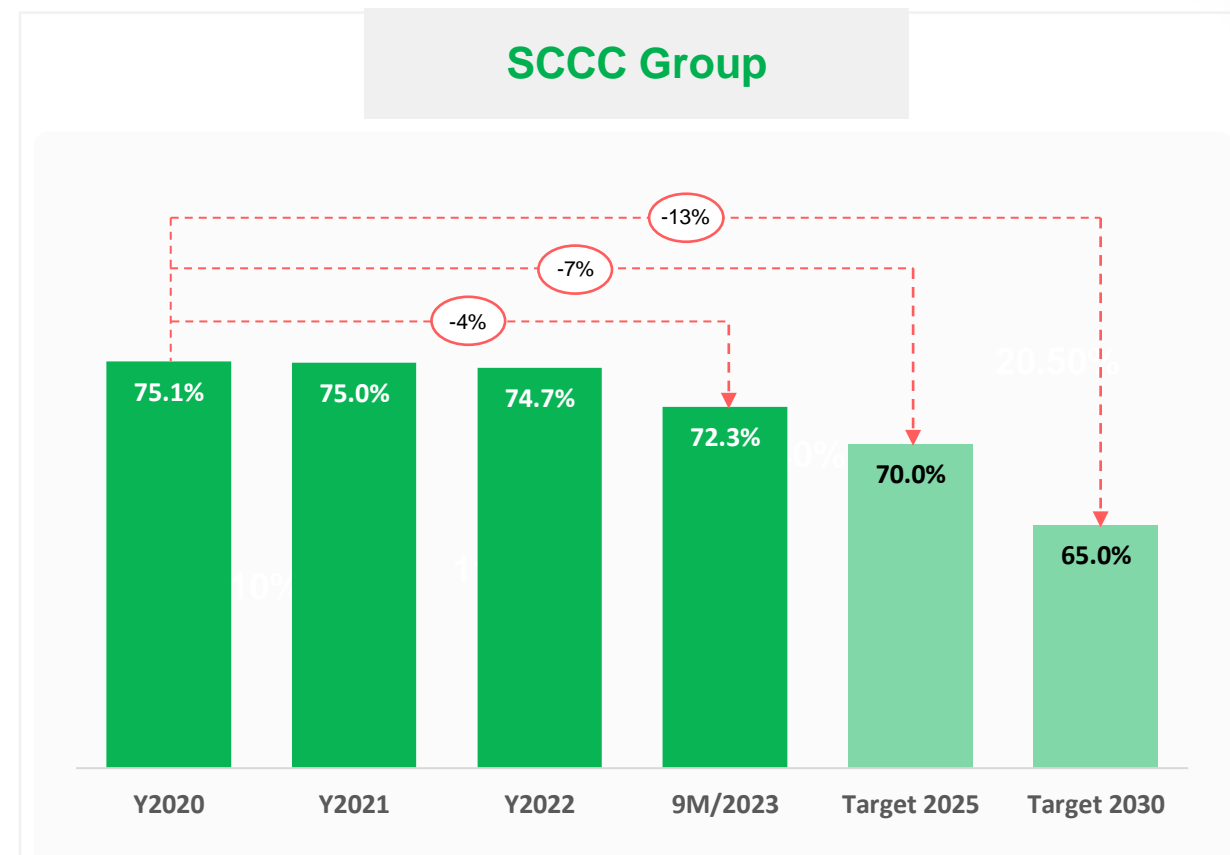
- Good progress since 2020, achieving a TSR of 20.3% in Q3/23, close to our 2030 original target of 20.9%. Consequently, we stretch our long-term target for 2030 to 40%.
- Our focus is on increasing the utilization of biomass and the percentage of alternative fuel usage.



Currently a 4% reduction from the 2020 baseline and aiming for 13% by 2030. We are committed to clinker factor reduction and are unwavering in our pursuit of ongoing enhancements.

## Key points

- Achieved a 4% decrease in clinker factor for 9M/23 compared to 2020.
- Our innovative product, "Hydraulic cement", utilizes less clinker which significantly reduces CO2 emission.





# Q&A



# Earnings Meeting for Quarter 3, 2023

## Feedback Questionnaire

